343_Biological techniques_2013pattern

Item Text	Option Text 1	Option Text 2	Option Text 3	Option Text 4
Union of male and female pronuclei is called	amphimixis	Capacitation	Organogenesis	fusion
of sperm secretes lysine	Nucleus	Acrosome	Middle piece	Tail
The lysine secreted by the acrosome helps in theof sperm	activation	Penetration	clumping	activation
The fusion of cortical granules with inner surface	plasma	fertilization	shell membrane	cytoplasmic
ofvitellinemembrane, forms the	membrane	membrane		membrane
Fertilization cone is formed during the	meeting of the	polyspermy	activation of the	amphimixis
	gametes	prevention	egg	
Which causes the attracton of sperms over the egg surface	fertilizin	Luciferin	Antifertilizin	zymogen
The gynogamones are secreatedby	sperm	egg	vitelline membrane	plasma membrane
The androgamonesaresecreatedby	vitelline membrane	plasma membrane	Sperm	ovary
During fertilization, polyspermy is prevented by	fertilizin	antifertilizin	Spermlysin	fertilization membrane
Which of the following show the external fertilization	Fishes	Reptiles	Birds	Mammals
The function of fertilization membrane is to	protect the egg	prevent the entry of other sperm into ovum	attract the sperm	secretefertilizin
The lytic enzymes called hyaluronidase is found in the	egg	egg cytoplasm	Sperm tail	sperm head
External fertilization is common inanimals	terrestrial animals	aquatic animals	aerial animals	burrowing
Internal fertilization is common in animals	terrestrial	aquatic	burrowing	aerial

343_Biological techniques_2013pattern

Fertilizin molecules causes the attraction of sperms during fertilization, called	rheotaxis	Thigmotaxis	Chemotaxis	phototaxis
Fertilization cone is formed from the	sperm cytoplasm	egg cytoplasm	sperm nucleus	egg nucleus
The enzymes secreted by the sperm to penetrate the egg membrane is	exopeptidase		succinic dehydrogenase	hyaluronidase
Acrosome reaction in sperm is triggered by	release of fertilizin	release of lysin	capacitation	influx of Na+ in sperm
Cortical reaction of egg during fertilization is necessary to	allowpolysperm y and harden the egg membranes	solubilize the egg membrane	inhibitpolysperm y and harden the egg membrane	inhibitpolyspermyan d solubilize the egg membrane
Capacitation occurs in	oviduct	ovary	Vas deferens	epididymes
The main aim of fertilization is to achieve number of chromosomes	4N	2N	2N	3N